

Safety Data Sheet 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Selvol™ Ultiloc® 5000 Series Grades: 5001, 5001S, 5002, 5002S, 5003, 5003S, 5004, 5004S, 5005 and 5005S

Version number: 1.1

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance Acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with N-ethenyl-

formamide, hydrolyzed, amine-containing

Trade name Selvol™ Ultiloc® 5000 Series

Grades: 5001, 5001S, 5002, 5002S, 5003, 5003S,

5004, 5004S, 5005 and 5005S

CAS number 163879-68-3

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Film industry and barrier film industry

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Sekisui Specialty Chemicals America, LLC

1501 LBJ Freeway, Suite 530

Dallas, TX 75234, United States

Telephone: +1-972-277-2900 Website: www.sekisui-sc.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Poison center							
Country	Name	Telephone					
-	CHEMTREC International (outside USA)	1-703-527-3887					
United States	CHEMTREC USA	(800) 424-9300					

As above or nearest toxicological information centre.

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Classification								
Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard state- ment				
A.1I	acute toxicity (inhal.)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H332				
A.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	2A	Eye Irrit. 2A	H319				

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Classification							
Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard state- ment			
A.8	specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	1	STOT SE 1	H370			
B.cD	combustible dust	Comb. Dust	cD	OSHA003			

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Signal word danger

Pictograms

GHS07, GHS08



Hazard statements

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

Causes damage to organs (central nervous system, eye).

OSHA003 May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Precautionary statements

P260 Do not breathe dust.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P307+P311 If exposed: Call a poison center/doctor.

P405 Store locked up.

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Precautionary statements

P501

Dispose of contents/container to an authorized waste treatment facility.

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substance Acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with N-ethenyl-

formamide, hydrolyzed, amine-containing

Identifiers

CAS No 163879-68-3

Impurities and additives							
Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms			
methanol	CAS No 67-56-1	1-<3	Acute Tox. 3 / H301 Acute Tox. 3 / H311 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 STOT SE 1 / H370 Flam. Liq. 2 / H225				

Remarks

for full text of H-phrases: see SECTION 16 The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General notes

Self-protection of the first aider.

Remove affected person from the danger area and lay down.

Do not leave affected person unattended.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

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Following inhalation

Provide fresh air.

Where appropriate provide artificial respiration.

Mouth to mouth resuscitation should be avoided. Use alternative methods, preferably with oxygen or compressed air driven apparatus.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/shower.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting.

Let water be drunken in little sips (dilution effect).

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Notes for the doctor

None.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

This information is not available.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, fire extinguishing powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Deposited combustible dust has considerable explosion potential.

Hazardous combustion products

nitrogen oxides (NOx), carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2), Hazardous decomposition products section 10

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5.3 Advice for firefighters

Keep containers cool with water spray.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings.

Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses.

Collect contaminated firefighting water separately.

Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

Ventilate affected area.

Do not breathe dust.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Wearing of suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

Knock down dust with water spray.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Take up mechanically.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically.

Collect spillage.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

Ventilate affected area.

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6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8.

Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation.

Removal of dust deposits.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Specific notes/details

Dust deposits may accumulate on all deposition surfaces in a technical room.

Measures to protect the environment

Avoid release to the environment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas.

Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Do not breathe dust.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Wash face and hands thoroughly after handling.

Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Explosive atmospheres

Removal of dust deposits.

Flammability hazards

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Incompatible materials: see section 10.

Protect against external exposure, such as

heat

Consideration of other advice

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.

Keep in a cool place.

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Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapors or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted.

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Packaging compatibilities

Keep only in original container.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, a TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

Occup	Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)								
Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Iden- tifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Nota- tion	Source
US	methanol	67-56-1	TLV®	200	-	250	-	Н	ACGIH® 2024
US	methyl alcohol	67-56-1	PEL	200	260	-	-	-	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	methyl alcohol	67-56-1	REL	200 (10 h)	260 (10 h)	250	325	Н	NIOSH REL
US	methyl alcohol (methanol)	67-56-1	PEL (CA)	200	260	250	325	Н	Cal/OSHA PEL

Notation

H absorbed through the skin

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-

minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of

8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified

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Biolog	Biological limit values								
Coun- try	Name of agent	Parameter	Nota- tion	Identifi- er	Value	Material	Source		
US	methanol	methanol	-	BEI®	15 mg/l	urine	ACGIH® 2024		

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Use local and general ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Hand protection

Protective gloves						
Material	Material thickness	Breakthrough times of the glove material				
CR: chloroprene (chlorobutadiene) rubber	this information is not available	this information is not available				

Wear suitable gloves.

Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374.

Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use.

For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Body protection

Protective clothing for use against solid particulates.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

During spraying wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Particle filter device (DIN EN 143).

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination.

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state solid

(powder)

Color white to yellowish

Odor odorless

Odor threshold not determined

Other safety parameters

pH (value) 9 – 12 (in aqueous solution: $40 \, {}^{9}/_{1}$, $20 \, {}^{\circ}$ C)

Melting point/freezing point 180 – 220 °C

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range

not determined

Flash point not applicable

Evaporation rate not determined

Flammability (solid, gas) this material is combustible, but will not ignite

readily

Explosive limits

not determined

Explosion limits of dust clouds not determined

Vapor pressure not determined

Density and/or relative density

Density not determined

Relative vapour density not relevant (solid)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility soluble

Partition coefficient

n-octanol/water (log KOW) not determined

Auto-ignition temperature not determined

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Decomposition temperature not relevant

Viscosity not relevant

(solid)

Explosive properties none

Oxidizing properties none

Information for relevant hazard classes

according to GHS

there is no additional information

9.2 Other information there is no additional information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat.

Frost.

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

10.5 Incompatible materials

acids, oxidizers, keep away from metals

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known.

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

If not otherwise specified the classification is based on:

Animal studies; Evidence from any other toxicity tests; Expert judgment (weight of evidence determination).

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Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic (oral). Shall not be classified as acutely toxic (dermal).

Harmful if inhaled.

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method
oral	LD50	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat, female	OECD Guideline 423
dermal	LD50	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat, female	OECD Guideline 402
inhalation: dust/mist	LC50	1.05 – <5.02 ^{mg} / _l /4h	rat	OECD Guideline 436

Acute toxicity of components

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components						
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE			
methanol	67-56-1	oral	100 ^{mg} / _{kg}			
methanol	67-56-1	dermal	300 ^{mg} / _{kg}			
methanol	67-56-1	inhalation: vapor	3 ^{mg} / _l /4h			

Acute toxicity of components							
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	
methanol	67-56-1	oral	LD50	1,187 – 2,7 69 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat	-	
methanol	67-56-1	dermal	LD50	17,100 ^{mg} / kg	rabbit	-	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

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Respiratory sensitization

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

Carcinogenicity

IARC Monographs

not listed

National Toxicology Program (United States)

not listed

OSHA Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Causes damage to organs (central nervous system, eye).

Hazard category	Target organ	Exposure route		
1	central nervous system	if exposed		
1	eye	if exposed		

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

11.2 Other information

There is no additional information.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Name of substance	CAS No	EC No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure time
methanol	67-56-1	200-659- 6	LC50	15,400 ^{mg} / _l	bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	EPA-660/3- 75-009	96 h
methanol	67-56-1	200-659- 6	EC50	12,700 ^{mg} / _l	bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	EPA-660/3- 75-009	96 h
methanol	67-56-1	200-659- 6	EC50	18,260 ^{mg} / _l	daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202	96 h
methanol	67-56-1	200-659- 6	ErC50	~22,000 ^{mg} / _l	algae (pseudokirch- neriella sub- capitata)	OECD Guideline 201	96 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradation

No data available.

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method
methanol	67-56-1	oxygen depletion	95 %	20 d	-

Persistence

No data available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Name of substance	CAS No	ВСГ	Log KOW
methanol	67-56-1	<10	-0.77

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

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12.6 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

Remarks

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	not assigned
14.2	UN proper shipping name	-
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	-
14.4	Packing group	-
14.5	Environmental hazards	-
14.6	Special precautions for user	-
14.7	Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	-

14.8 <u>Information for each of the UN Model Regulations</u>

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT) Additional information

Not subject to transport regulations.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

National regulations (United States)

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)

Substance is listed (ACTIVE)

Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

Not listed

Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313)

Toxics Release Inventory: Specific Toxic Chemical Listings				
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Remarks	Effective date
methanol	methanol	67-56-1	-	1987-01-01

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Re- marks	Stat- utory code	Final RQ pounds (Kg)
methanol	Methanol; Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	-	3 4	5000 (2270)

Legend

- 3 "3" indicates that the source is section 112 of the Clean Air Act
- 4 "4" indicates that the source is section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)

Clean Air Act

Not listed

Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

Toxic or Hazardous Substance List (MA-TURA)

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Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	DEP CODE	PBT / HHS / LHS	PBT / HHS Thres hold	De Minimis Concentra- tion Threshold
methanol	Methanol	67-56-1	-	-	-	1.0 %

Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	References	Remarks
Acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with N-ethenylform- amide, hydrolyzed, amine- containing	Dust, Inert or Nuisance (When toxic impurities are not present, for example, quartz less than 1 percent.)	<u>-</u>	А	dust
methanol	Methyl alcohol (Methanol)	67-56-1	A, N, O	skin

Legend

- A American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-93", available from ACGIH
- dust If the substance poses an airborne particulate exposure hazard, the substance is followed by the word "dust."
- N National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), "Recommendations for Occupational Safety and Health Standards," August 1988, available from NIOSH, Publications Dissemination Office, Division of Standards Development and Technology Transfer
- O Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Safety and Health Standards, Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part 1910, subpart Z, "Toxic and Hazardous Substances, 1990." General information: Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry, Occupational Safety and Health Division
- skin If a potential for absorption from skin contact merits special consideration, the word "skin" follows the substance name.

Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Remarks	Classifica- tions	Listed in	Sub- stanc e num- ber	DOT num- ber
methanol	methyl alcohol (meth-	67-56-	-	TE	1	1222	1230
	anol) (methanol)	1		F3.	2		
					3		
					4		
					6		
					8		
					15		
					17		
					18		
					20		

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Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Remarks	Classifica- tions	Listed in	Sub- stanc e num- ber	DOT num- ber
					21		

Legend

- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, 29 CFR 1910-Occupational Safety and Health Standards, Subpart Z-Toxicand Hazardous Substances, July 1, 2008.
- "Fire Protection Guide to Hazardous Materials," N FPA 49 (Hazardous Chemicals Data), NFPA 325 (Guide to Fire Hazard Properties of Flammable Liquids, Gases, and Volatile Solids), and NFPA 704 (Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response), National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), 2001.
- 17 "2008 Emergency Response Guidebook," Research and Special Programs Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation, 2008.
- List of Toxics Release Inventory Chemicals, Section 313, Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act (EPCRA), Toxics Release Inventory (TRI) Program, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 40 CFR 372.65, July 1, 2008.
- 2 "2009 TLVs® and BEIs®, Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices," American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), 2009.
- List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (RQ), Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 40 CFR 302, Table 302.4, July 1, 2008.
- 21. Hazardous Wastes from the P and U Lists, Resource Conserva tion and Recovery Act (RCRA), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 40 CFR 261.33, July 1, 2008.
- Office of Hazardous Materials Safety, Research and Special Programs Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation, 49 CFR 172.101-Hazardous Materials Table, October 1, 2008.
- 4 "NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards," National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, No. 2005-149, September 2005.
- 6 "Environmental Hazardous Substance List," New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, N.J.A.C. 7:1G-2, as printed in the Community Right to Know Survey Instruction Book, 2008.
- Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) Database for Risk Assessment, Office of Research and Development, National Center for Environmental Assessment, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), September 2008.
- F3 Flammable Third Degree
- TE Teratogenic

Hazardous Substance List (Chapter 323) (PA-RTK)

Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Classification
METHANOL	67-56-1	E

Legend

E Environmental hazard

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Hazardous Substance List (RI-RTK)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	References
methanol	methyl alcohol	67-56-1	T, F

Legend

F Flammability (NFPA®)

T Toxicity (ACGIH®)

California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

Proposition 65 List of chemicals						
Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Remarks	Type of the toxicity			
methanol	67-56-1	-	developmental			

Drug precursors, Chemicals designated within the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. § 802, paragraphs 34 (list I) and 35 (list II)

Not listed

Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	/	none
Health	2	temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	1	material that must be preheated before ignition can occur
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	-

NFPA® 704

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	1	material that must be preheated before ignition can occur
Health	2	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury

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Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard	-	-

SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Date of preparation: 2024-07-11

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazard- ous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
ACGIH®	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ACGIH® 2024	From ACGIH®, 2024 TLVs® and BEIs® Book. Copyright 2024. Reprinted with permission. Information on the proper use of the TLVs® and BEIs®: http://www.acgih.org/tlv-bei-guidelines/policies-proced-ures-presentations/tlv-bei-position-statement
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
DEP CODE	Department of Environmental Protection Code
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
HHS	Higher hazard substance
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IARC Mono- graphs	IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LHS	Lower hazard substance
log KOW	n-Octanol/water
NFPA®	National Fire Protection Association (United States)
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
ppm	Parts per million
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
TLV®	Threshold Limit Values
TWA	Time-weighted average
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200. Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

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List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H370	Causes damage to organs (central nervous system, eye).
OSHA003	May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Responsible for the safety data sheet

Chemical Regulatory Compliance Company

Jasper, GA

USA

Telephone: +1 (630) 410-1660
e-Mail: GHS@crc-us.com
Website: www.crc-us.com

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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